Word reading

- Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.
- Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes.
- Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been Taught.
- Read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.
- Read words containing taught GPCs and -s, -es, -ing, -ed, er and -est endings
- Read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs.
- Read words with contractions [for example, I'm, I'll, we'll], and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s).
- Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words.

Year 1

Comprehension

Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:

- Listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and nonfiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently
- Being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences.
- Becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their characteristics.
- Recognising and joining in with predictable phrases o learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart.
- Discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known Understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher.
- Checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading o discussing the significance of the title and events.
- Making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done o
 predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so
 far.

• Re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.

 Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say.

Spelling Spell:

- words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught o common exception words
- Spell the days of the week
- Name the letters of the alphabet: in order using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound
- Add prefixes and suffixes: o using the spelling rule for adding -s or es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs o using the prefix uno using -ing, -ed, -er and -est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words [for example, helping, helped, helper, quicker, quickest]
- Apply simple spelling rules and guidance, as listed in Appendix 1 of the National Curriculum Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far.

Handwriting

- Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly.
- Begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place.
- Form capital letters and form digits 0-9
- Understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise these.

Composition

- Write sentences by:
- saying out loud what they are going to write about.
- composing a sentence orally before writing it
- sequencing sentences to form short narratives.
- re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense.
- Discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils.

Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation

Word

Use regular plural noun suffixes -s or -es [e.g. dog, dogs; wish, wishes], understanding the effects of these suffixes on the meaning of the noun.

Add suffixes to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of root words [e.g. helping, helped, helper].

Know how the prefix un- changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives [e.g. unkind, untie].

Sentence

Combine words to make sentences.

Join words and joining clauses using 'and'.

Text

Sequence sentences to form short narratives.

Punctuation

Separate words with spaces.

Begin to punctuate using capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences.

Use capital letters for names and the personal pronoun I [e.g. of people, places, the days of the week].

Terminology for pupils

Letter, capital letter, word, singular, plural, sentence, punctuation, full stop, question mark, exclamation mark.

	Read aloud their writing clearly	
	enough to be heard by their	
	peers and the teacher.	
Number and place value	Number – multiplication and division	Measurement continued
Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any	Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using	Measure and begin to record the following:
given number.	concrete objects, pictorial representations and	o lengths and heights
Count good and write numbers to 400 in	arrays with the support of the teacher.	o mass/weight
Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens.	Number fractions	o capacity and volume
Given a number, identify one more and one less.	Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or	o time (hours, minutes, seconds)
Given a number, identity one more and one less.	quantity.	Recognise and know the value of different
Identify and represent numbers using objects and	Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four	denominations of coins and notes.
pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.	equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.	Sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday,
Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.	Measurement	tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening].
Number – addition and subtraction	Compare, describe and solve practical problems for:	Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years.
Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs.	lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half]	Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.
Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20.	o mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]	Geometry – properties of shapes Recognise and name common shapes, including:
Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20,	 capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter] 	 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]
including zero.	o time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later]	 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]
Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems.		Geometry – position and direction Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns.